

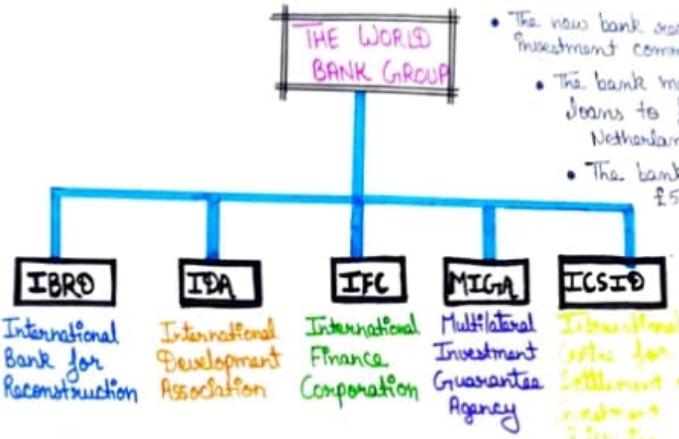
NAME :- Ashwarya Bradhan
 CLASS :- B.COM 3rd Year
 Roll no. :- 212213004
 Subject :- International Business

INTRODUCTION

- The World Bank is an international financial institution that provides financial and technical assistance to developing countries for development programs.
- World Bank provides low-interest loans, interest-free credit and grants.
- These loans are for:
 - Education,
 - health,
 - infrastructure,
 - communications and many other purposes.
- Unlike other financial institutions, world bank doesn't operate for profit.
- Headquarters :- Washington, DC & more than 100 country offices
- Established :- July 1, 1944
- CEO :- Kristalina Georgieva (2 Jan 2017)
- President :- JIM YONG KIM
- Membership :- 185 countries
- Main Organ :- Board of Directors
- Parent Organisation :- World Bank Group
- Affiliates :- IFC, MIGA, ICSID
- Website :- www.worldbank.org
- WB mission is to :-

 - Reduce poverty in the globe
 - Improve the living Standard

THE WORLD BANK



GOAL :-

- World Bank focuses on achievement of Millennium Development Goals that call for elimination of poverty and Sustained development.
- Millennium Development Goals that call for five key factors:-

 - ① Build Capacity
 - ② Infrastructure Creation
 - ③ Development of Financial Systems
 - ④ Combating Corruption
 - ⑤ Research, Consultancy and Training.

* FUNCTION

- Granting reconstruction loans to war devastated countries.
- Granting developmental loans to underdeveloped countries.
- Borrowing loans to government for agriculture, irrigation, power, transport, health etc.
- Borrowing loans to private concerns for specified projects.
- Promoting foreign investment by guaranteeing loans provided by other organisations.
- Providing technical, economic & monetary advice to member countries for specific project.

* OBJECTIVES

- To provide long-term capital to member countries for reconstruction and development.
- To induce long-term capital investment for securing balance of payments (BoP) equilibrium and balanced development of international trade.
- To provide guarantee for loans granted to small and tiny units and other projects of member countries.

* PROGRESS

- The new bank received most of its funds from New Investment community.
- The bank made its first general reconstruction loans to France (\$250 million - largest ever) Netherlands, Denmark and Luxembourg in 1948.
- The bank's first bond offering abroad, worth £5 million, came in London in 1952.
- China used IDA loans for agricultural and education projects while it was financed with IBRD loans.
- It helped resolve the India vs dispute between India and Pakistan.

* 5 Priorities of World Bank

- World Bank provides the largest external funds for education.
- It is a big support in reducing poverty.
- It provides fund for different projects.
- It helps to bring clean water, electricity and transport to poor people.
- It helps in controlling emerging conflicts.

EUROPEAN UNION

The European Union (EU) is an economic and political union made up of 27 member states that are located primarily in Europe.

The European Union is a unique economic and political partnership between 27 European countries that together cover much of continent.

Member of EU.

Austria	Cyprus	Estonia
Belgium	Czech Republic	Finland
Bulgaria	Denmark	France
Germany	Ireland	Lithuania
Greece	Italy	Luxembourg
Hungary	Latvia	Malta
Netherlands	Poland	Portugal
Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia
Spain	Sweden	United Kingdom



EURO: The currency unit of the European Monetary Union.

It is designed to help build a single market by easing travel of citizens and goods, eliminating exchange rate problems, providing price transparency, stabilizing prices, maintaining low rate interest rates.

The creation of single currency became an official objective of the EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY (EEC) in 1969.